



बैंक ऑफ इंडिया

अधिकारी कर्मचारी (आचरण) विनियम 1976

BANK OF INDIA

OFFICER EMPLOYEES' (CONDUCT) REGULATIONS, 1976



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OFFICER EMPLOYEES' (DISCIPLINE AND APPEAL)

REGULATIONS, 1976



बैंक ऑफ इंडिया

अधिकारी (कर्मचारी) सेवा निवृत्ति पश्चात निजी क्षेत्र के
संस्थानों में रोजगार स्वीकारना विनियम 1980

BANK OF INDIA

OFFICER (EMPLOYEES) ACCEPTANCE OF JOBS IN PRIVATE
SECTOR CONCERNS AFTER RETIREMENT REGULATIONS, 1980

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2. Definitions :

In these regulations unless the context otherwise requires :

- (a) "Act" means the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 (5 of 1970);
- (b) "Award Staff" means the persons covered by the "Award" as defined in the Industrial Disputes (Banking Companies) Decision Act, 1955 (41 of 1955);
- (c) "Bank" means Bank of India;
- (d) "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Bank;
- (e) "Competent Authority" means the authority appointed by the Board for the purposes of these regulations;
- (f) "Family" means -
 - (i) in the case of male officer employee his wife, whether residing with him or not, but does not include a legally separated wife and in the case of woman officer employee her husband, whether residing with her or not but does not include a legally separated husband.
 - (ii) Children or step-children of the officer employee, whether residing with the officer employee or not, and wholly dependent on such officer employee, but does not include children or step children of whose custody the officer employee has been deprived of by or under any law; and

3. General :

- (1) Every officer employee shall at all times take all possible steps to ensure and protect the interests of the Bank and discharge his duties with utmost integrity, honesty, devotion and diligence, and do nothing which is unbecoming of a Bank Officer.
- (2) Every officer employee shall maintain good conduct and discipline and show courtesy and attention to all persons in all transactions and negotiations.
- (3) No officer employee shall, in the performance of his official duties or in the exercise of powers conferred on him, act otherwise than in his best judgement except when he is acting under the direction of his official superior.
- (4) Every officer employee shall take all possible steps to ensure the integrity and devotion to duty of all persons for the time being under his control and authority.

4. Observance of Secrecy :

Every officer employee shall maintain the strictest secrecy regarding the Bank's affairs and the affairs of its constituents and shall not divulge directly or indirectly any information of a confidential nature, either to a member of the public or to an outside agency, or to any other employee of the bank not entitled to such information, unless -

- (i) divulging of such information is in accordance with the law or in accordance with the practices and usages customary amongst banks;
- (ii) he is compelled to divulge such information by judicial or other authority;
- (iii) instructed to do so by a superior officer in the discharge of his duties.

5. **Employment of Members of Family of Bank Officers in Firms Enjoying the Bank's Clientage and Grant of Facilities to such Concerns.**

(1) No officer employee shall use his position or influence directly or indirectly to secure employment for any person related, whether by blood or marriage to the employee or to the employee's wife or husband, whether such a person is dependent on the employee or not.

(2) No officer employee shall, except with the prior permission of the competent authority permit his son, daughter or any other member of his family to accept employment in any private undertaking with which he has official dealings, or any other undertaking having to his knowledge official dealings with the bank :

Provided that where the acceptance of the employment cannot await prior permission of the competent Authority, or is otherwise considered urgent, the matter shall be reported to the competent authority, within three months from the date of the receipt of offer of employment (Inserted in terms of Bank of India officer Employees' (Conduct) (Amendment) Regulations 1992, Published in the Gazette of India dated 6-2-993 in Bank's circular No. 1992-93/25 dated 10-3-93) and the employment may be accepted provisionally subject to the permission of the competent authority.

(3) No officer employee shall, in the discharge of his official duties, knowingly grant or authorise the grant of any advance or banking facilities to or enter into or authorise entering into by or on behalf of the Bank any contract, agreement, arrangement or proposal in any matter or give or sanction any contract or loan to any undertaking or person if any member of his family is employed in that undertaking or under that person or if he or any member of his family is employed in

that undertaking or under that person or if he or any member of his family has interests in such matters or contacts in any other manner and the officer employee shall refer every such matter or contract or loan to his superior officer and the matter or contract or loan shall thereafter be disposed of according to the instructions of the authority to whom such reference is made.

Explanation : A person is not deemed to have any interest in an undertaking for the purpose of this sub-regulation if he is only a shareholder having not more than 2 per cent of the paid up capital of the undertaking in his name

6. **Taking up Outside Employment :**

(1) No officer employee shall, except with the previous sanction of the Bank engage directly or indirectly in any trade or business or undertake any other employment :

Provided that an officer employee may, without such sanction, undertake honorary work of a social or charitable nature or occasional work of a literary, artistic, scientific, professional, cultural, educational, religious or social character, subject to the condition that his official duties do not thereby suffer : but he shall not undertake, or shall discontinue such work if so directed by the competent authority.

Explanation : Canvassing by an officer employee in support of the business of insurance agency or commission agency, owned or managed by a member of his family shall be deemed to be a breach of this sub-regulation.

(2) Every officer employee shall report to the Bank if any member of his family is engaged in a trade or business or owns or manages an insurance agency or commission agency.

(3) No officer employee shall, without the previous sanction of

the Bank, except in the discharge of his official duties, take part in the registration, promotion or management of any bank or other company which is required to be registered under the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956) or any other law for the time being in force or any co-operative society for commercial purposes;

Provided that an officer employee may take part in registration, promotion or management of a co-operative society registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912 (2 of 1912) or any other law for the time being in force, or of a literary, scientific or charitable society registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (21 of 1860) or any corresponding law in force.

(4) No officer employee (may)* shall accept any fee for any work done by him for any public body or any private person without the sanction of the competent authority.

*(Substituted in terms of Notification published in the Gazette of India dated 30-12-89)

(5) No officer employee shall act as an agent of, or canvass business in favour of, an Insurance Company or Corporations in his individual capacity.

7. Contribution to Newspapers, Radio, etc..... :

(1) No officer employee shall, except with the previous sanction of the competent authority, own wholly or in part or conduct or participate in the editing or management of any news paper or any other periodical publication.

- (2) No officer employee shall, except with the previous sanction of the competent authority or except in the bonafide discharge of his duties, participate in radio broadcast or contribute any article or write any letter either in his own name or anonymously or in the name of any other person to any newspaper or periodical or make public, or publish or cause to be published or pass on to others any document paper or information which may come into his possession in his official capacity.
- (3) No officer employee shall except with the previous sanction of the competent authority publish or cause to be published any book or any similar printed matter of which he is the author or not or deliver talk or lecture in public meetings or otherwise ;

Provided that no such sanction is, however, required if such broadcast or contribution or publication is of a purely literary, artistic, scientific, professional, cultural, educational, religious or social character.

8. Demonstration :

No officer employee shall engage himself or participate in any demonstration which is prejudicial to the interest of the sovereignty and integrity of India, the security of the State, friendly relations with foreign States, public order, decency or morality, or which involves contempt of court, defamation or incitement to an offence.

9. Joining of Associations Prejudicial to Interests of the Country :

No officer employee shall join, or continue to be a member of an association, the objects or activities of which are prejudicial

to the interest of the sovereignty and integrity of India or public order or morality.

10. Giving Evidence :

- (1) Save as provided in sub-regulation (3) no officer employee shall, except with the previous approval of the competent authority, give evidence in connection with any enquiry conducted by any person, committee or authority.
- (2) Where any approval has been accorded under sub-regulation (1), no officer employee giving such evidence shall criticise the policy or any action of the Government or of a State Government or of the Bank.
- (3) Nothing in this regulation shall apply to any evidence given-
 - (a) at an enquiry before an authority appointed by the Government, State Government, Parliament or a State Legislature; or
 - (b) in any judicial enquiry; or
 - (c) at any departmental enquiry ordered by the competent authority.

11. Public Demonstrations in Honour of Bank Officers :

- (1) No officer employee shall, except with the previous sanction of the competent authority, receive any complimentary or valedictory address or accept any testimonial or attend any meeting or entertainment held in his honour or in the honour of any other employee of the bank :

Provided that nothing in this sub-regulation shall apply to -

- (a) a farewell entertainment of a substantially private and informal character held in honour of the officer employee or any other employee of the Bank on the occasion of his retirement or transfer or any person who has recently quitted the service of the bank; and
- (b) the acceptance of simple and inexpensive entertainment

arranged by association of employees of the Bank.

- (2) (a) No officer employee shall either directly or indirectly exercise pressure or influence on any employee of the Bank to induce or compel him to subscribe towards any farewell entertainment;
- (b) No officer employee shall collect subscription for farewell entertainment from any intermediate or lower grade employee for the entertainment of any employee belonging to any higher grade.

12. Seeking to Influence :

No officer employee shall bring or attempt to bring any political or other outside influence to bear upon any superior authority to further his interests in respect of matters pertaining to his service under the Bank.

(Govt. of India Instructions F. M. No. 9/1/11/87 IR Dated 1-3-88
Bank's Circular No. 82/98 Sub-Personnel 88/14 dated 13-5-88)

Action against an officer for violating aforesaid provision of conduct Regulations would be taken in following manner :-

- (i) He should be advised by the Disciplinary Authority to desist from approaching members of Parliament / State Legislature, to further his/her interest in respect of matters pertaining to his/her service conditions. A copy of such advice need not be placed in the officer's service folder;
- (ii) If he repeats despite the issue of advice on the earlier occasion, then a written warning should be issued to him/her by the Disciplinary Authority and copy thereof be placed in the officer's service folder;
- (iii) If again it is repeated despite issue of warning, then major penalty proceedings should be initiated against him/her under Clause 6 of Officer Employees' (Discipline and Appeal) Regulations, 1976.

(Action taken in terms of para 3(ii) and (iii) be advised to enable warning/penalty to be noted in the Officer's Service Record.)

2. Also, in the Articles of charge specific mention of Conduct Regulation 12 should be made.

13. **Absence from Duty :**

- (1) No officer employee shall absent himself from his duty or be late in attending office or leave the station without having first obtained the permission of the competent authority :

Provided that in the case of unavoidable circumstances, where availing of prior permission is not possible or is difficult, such permission may be obtained later, subject to the satisfaction of the competent authority that such a permission could not have been obtained.

- (2) No officer employee shall ordinarily absent himself in case of sickness or accident without submitting a proper medical certificate;

Provided that in the case of temporary indisposition or sickness of a casual nature the production of a medical certificate may, at the absolute discretion of the competent authority, be dispensed with.

14. **Acceptance of Gifts :**

- (1) Save as otherwise provided in these regulations, no officer employee shall accept or permit any member of his family or any person acting on his behalf to accept any gift.

Explanation : The expression "Gift" shall include free transport, boarding, lodging or other service or any other pecuniary advantage when provided by any person other than a near relative or a personal friend having no official dealings with the officer employee.

Note :

- (1) A casual meal, lift or other social hospitality shall not be deemed to be a gift.

(2) [Omitted in terms of Bank of India officer employees' (Conduct) (Amendment) Regulations - 1992. Published in the Gazette of India dated 6-2-93 - Bank's circular No. 1992-93/25 dated 10-3-93]

- (2) On occasions such as marriages, anniversaries, funerals or religious functions when the making of gifts is in conformity with the prevailing religious or social practice, an officer employee may accept gifts from his near relatives but he shall make a report to the competent authority if the value of the gifts exceeds Rs. 500/-.
- (3) On such occasions, as specified in sub-regulation (2), an officer employee may also accept gifts from his personal friends having no official dealings with him but he shall make a report to the competent authority if the value of such gifts exceeds Rs.200/-.
- (4) In any other case, the officer employee shall not accept any gifts without the sanction of the competent authority, if the value of the gifts exceeds Rs.75/-.

Provided that when more than one gift has been received from the same person or concern within a period of 12 months, the matter shall be reported to the competent authority if the aggregate value thereof exceeds Rs.500/-.

Note : As a normal practice an officer employee shall not accept any gift from any person or institutions having official dealings with the officer employee.

(5) No officer employee shall -

- (a) give or take or abet the giving or taking of dowry; or
- (b) demand, directly or indirectly, from the parents or guardian of a bride or bridegroom, as the case may be, any dowry,

Explanation : For the purposes of this regulation, "dowry" has

the same meaning as in the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 (28 of 1961).

(Adopted at B. M. dated 1.6.81 Bank's Circular No. 75/62 Sub-Personnel 81/15 dated 28-5-81)

15. Lendings and Borrowings :

No officer employee shall, in his individual capacity -

- (i) borrow or permit any member of his family to borrow or otherwise place himself or a member of his family under a pecuniary obligation to a broker or a money lender or a subordinate employee of the bank or any person, association of persons, firm, company or institution, whether incorporated or not, having dealings with the bank;
- (ii) buy or sell stocks, shares or securities of any description without funds to meet the full cost in the case of a purchase of scrips or delivery in the case of a sale;
- (iii) incur debts at a race meeting;
- (iv) lend money in private capacity to a constituent of the bank or have personal dealings with such constituent in the purchase or sale of bills of exchange, Government paper or any other securities; and
- (v) guarantee in his private capacity the pecuniary obligations of another person or agree to indemnify in such capacity another person from loss, except with the previous permission of the competent authority.

Provided that an officer employee may give to, or accept from, a relative or personal friend a purely temporary loan of a small

amount free of interest, or operate a credit account with a bonafide tradesman or make an advance of pay to his private employee :

Provided further that an officer employee may obtain a loan from a co-operative credit society, of which he is a member, or stand as a surety in respect of a loan taken by another member from a co-operative credit society, of which he is a member.

16. Advance Drawal of Salary :

No officer employee shall draw his salary in advance or overdraw his account with the Bank against security or otherwise, without the previous sanction of the competent authority.

17. Subscriptions :

No officer employee shall, except with the previous sanction of the competent authority, ask for or accept contributions to or otherwise associate himself with the raising of any funds or other collections in cash or in kind in pursuance of any objective whatsoever.

(Govt. of India Instructions F.M.D.O. No. 6/9/3/87-IR Dated 8-9-87 Bank's Circular No. 81/294 Sub-Personnel 87/50 Dated 28-10-87)

Employees are prohibited from collecting donations or soliciting advertisements from the customers for any activities whatsoever, and even if they do so as office bearers or trustees or in any other capacity, of any organisation, institution, association, etc.

2. If employee asks for or accepts contribution or solicits advertisements from customers or others and his/her explanation is not found satisfactory, then disciplinary proceedings should be initiated for breach of Conduct Regulation 17 (Note :- No sanction should be given to the officer by the Competent Authority under this Regulation.)
3. For trade union purpose also acceptance of donations/

collection of advertisements tariffs is not a legitimate trade union activity/right. The provision does not provide for any acceptance of donation. It is the contributions by the members and that too optional that may form fund for trade union purpose.

4. (i) Collection of donations and advertisements from clients by the employees is an unhealthy practice capable of lot of abuse and such actions are also violative of good conduct expected of a public servant;
 - (ii) In the circumstances, such actions on the part of employees are to be considered as attracting vigilance angle and are required to be dealt with severely whenever it comes to notice.
 - (iii) The collection of donations and advertisements from clients by even office bearers on behalf of their Association, assuming that there is no individual gain, but still it would be a gain for the group to which the public servant belongs and even such actions, therefore, would be construed as attracting vigilance angle.
5. A very serious view will be taken in cases of collection of donations and advertisements from clients by the employees, and that cases of collection of donations and advertisements from clients by the employees, if reported, should be immediately referred to the Chief Vigilance Officer for obtaining his advice on future course of action to be taken.

18. Speculations in Stocks and Shares and Investments :

No officer employee shall speculate in any stock, share or securities or commodities or valuables of any descriptions or shall make investments which are likely to embarrass or influence him in the discharge of his duties,

Provided that nothing in this regulation shall be deemed to prohibit an officer employee from making a bonafide investment of his own funds in such securities as he may wish to buy.

Note :- Frequent purchase or sale or both of shares or securities or other investments shall be deemed to be speculation for the purpose of this regulation.

19. Indebtedness :

An officer employee shall so manage his private affairs as to avoid habitual indebtedness or insolvency. An officer employee against whom any legal proceedings are instituted for the recovery of any debt due from him or for adjudging him as an insolvent, shall forthwith report the full facts of the legal proceedings to the bank.

20. Movable, Immovable and Valuable Property :

(1) Every officer employee, on his first appointment, and every other employee of the bank, on promotion to a post of an officer employee in the bank, shall submit a return of his assets and liabilities giving full particulars regarding -

- (a) the immovable property inherited by him or owned or acquired by him or held by him on lease or mortgage, either in his name or in the name of any member of his family or in the name of any other person;
- (b) shares, debentures and cash including bank deposit inherited by him or similarly owned or acquired or held by him;
- (c) other movable property inherited by him or similarly owned or acquired or held by him; and
- (d) debts and other liabilities incurred by him directly or indirectly:

Provided that in the case of an officer employee who is already in service in the bank on the date these regulations

come into force, shall submit a return in terms of this regulation within three months of coming into force of these regulations, the return being with reference to the assets and liabilities as enumerated above of the officer employee on the date these regulations come into force.

- (2) Every officer employee shall, every year submit a return of his movable, immovable and valuable property including liquid assets like shares, debentures as on 31st March of that year to the Bank before the 30th day of June of that year.

[Sub Regulation (2) was substituted in terms of the Bank of India Officer employees' (Conduct) (Amendment) Regulations 1992, published in the Gazette of India dated 6-2-93- Bank's circular No. 1992-93/25 dated 10-3-93]

- (3) No officer employee shall except with the previous knowledge of the competent authority acquire or dispose of any immovable property by lease, mortgage, purchase, sale, gift or otherwise, either in his own name or in the name of any member of his family :

Provided that the previous sanction of the competent authority shall be obtained by the officer employee, if any such transaction is -

- (a) with a person having official dealings with the officer employee;
- (b) otherwise than through a regular or reputed dealer.
- (4) Every officer employee shall report to the competent authority every transaction concerning movable property owned or held by him, either in his own name, or in the name of a member of his family if the value of such a property exceeds (Rs.2,500/-) *Rs.5000/-

*(Substituted at B. M. dated 25-3-88. Published in Govt. Gazette dated 27-8-88. Bank's Circular 82/235 Sub-Personnel 88/28 dated 26-10-88).

Provided that the previous sanction of the competent authority shall be obtained if any such transaction is -

- (a) with a person having official dealings with the officer employee or
 - (b) otherwise than through a regular or reputed dealer.
- (5) The Bank may at any time, by general or special order, require an officer employee to furnish within a period to be specified in the order a full and complete statement of such movable or immovable property held or acquired by him or on his behalf or by any member of his family as may be specified in the order. Such a statement shall, if so required by the bank, include the details of the means by which or the sources from which such property was acquired.

21. Vindication of Acts and Character of an Officer Employee :

No officer employee shall, except with the previous sanction of the bank, have recourse, to any court or the press for the vindication of any official act which has been the subject matter of adverse criticism or an attack of a defamatory character ;

Provided that nothing in this regulation shall be deemed to prohibit an employee from vindicating his private character or any act done by him in his private capacity, and where any action for vindicating his private character or any act done by him in private capacity is taken, the officer employee shall submit a report to his immediate superior regarding such action **within a period of 3 months from the date such action is taken by him.***

*(adopted at B.M. dated 30-9-89 Published in the Gazette of India dated 30-12-89 Branch Circular 83/344 Sub-Personnel 89-90/23 dated 9-2-90)

22. Restriction Regarding Marriage :

- (1) (i) No officer employee shall enter into, or contract, a marriage with a person having a spouse living and
- (ii) no officer employee, having a spouse living, shall enter into, or contract, a marriage with any person.

Provided that the bank may permit an officer employee to enter into, or contract, any such marriage as is referred to in clause (i) or clause (ii) if it is satisfied that-

- (a) such marriage is permissible under the personal law applicable to such officer employee and the other party to the marriage; and
 - (b) there are other grounds for so doing.
- (2) An officer employee who has married or marries a person other than of Indian Nationality shall forthwith intimate the fact to the bank.

23. Consumption of Intoxicating Drinks and Drugs :

An officer employee shall -

- (i) strictly abide by any law relating to intoxicating drinks or drugs in force in any area in which he may happen to be for the time being ;
- (ii) not be under the influence of any intoxicating drink or drug during the course of his duty, and shall also take due care that the performance of his duties at any time is not affected in any way by the influence of such drink or drug;
- (iii) refrain from consuming any intoxicating drink or drug in a public place;
- (iv) not appear in a public place in a State of intoxication;
- (v) not use any intoxicating drink or drug to excess.

Explanation : For the purpose of this rule 'Public place' means any place or premises to which the public have or are permitted to have access, whether on payment or other wise.*

* (Adopted at B.M. dated 12-5-80 Bank Circular 74/92 Sub-Personnel 80/9 dated 18-8-80)

24. Acts of Misconduct :

A breach of any of the provisions of these regulations shall be deemed to constitute a misconduct punishable under the Bank of India Officer Employees' (Discipline and Appeal) Regulations, 1976.

25. Interpretation :

If any question arises as to the application or interpretation of any of these regulations, it shall be referred to the Board for its decision.

26. Repeal and Saving :

(1) Every rule, regulation, bye-law or every provision in any agreement or resolution corresponding to any of the regulations herein contained and in force immediately before the commencement of these regulations, and applicable to the officer employees to whom these regulations are applicable, is hereby repealed :

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal any order made or action taken under the provisions so repealed shall be deemed to be made or taken under the corresponding provisions of these regulations.

**BANK OF INDIA OFFICER EMPLOYEES' (DISCIPLINE & APPEAL)
REGULATIONS, 1976**

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 (5 of 1970), the Board of Directors of Bank of India in consultation with the Reserve Bank and with the previous sanction of the Central Government hereby makes the following regulations, namely :-

1. Short title and commencement :

(i) These regulations may be called Bank of India Officer Employees' (Discipline and Appeal) Regulations, 1976.

(ii) They shall come into force on 1-1-1977.

2. Application :

These regulations shall apply to all officer employees of the bank, but shall not apply to -

(i) the Chairman of the bank;

(ii) the Managing Director;

(iii) any wholetime Director, if any;

(iv) those who are in casual employment or paid from contingencies;

(v) the award staff; and

(vi) the officers on contract.

3. Definitions :

In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires -

- (a) "Act" means the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 (5 of 1970);
- (b) "Appellate Authority" means the authority specified in the Schedule to dispose of appeals;
- (c) "Award staff" means the persons covered by the "Award" as defined in the Industrial Disputes (Banking Companies) Decision Act, 1955 (41 of 1955);
- (d) "Bank" means Bank of India.
- (e) "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Bank;
- (f) "Competent Authority" means the authority appointed by the Board for the purpose of these regulations;
- (g) "Disciplinary Authority" means the authority specified in the Schedule which is competent to impose on an officer employee any of the penalties specified in regulation 4;
- (h) "Government" means the Central Government;
- (i) "Managing Director" means the Managing Director of the Bank;
- (j) "Officer Employee" means a person who holds a supervisory, administrative or managerial post in the Bank or any other person who has been appointed and is functioning as an officer of the bank, by whatever designation, called and includes a person whose services are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Central Government or a State Government or any other Government undertaking or any other public sector bank or the Reserve Bank of India or any other organisation, but shall not include casual work charged or contingent staff or the award staff;
- (k) "Public financial institutions" means -
 - (i) the Industrial Credit and Investment Corporation of India

Limited, a company owned and registered under the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956);

- (ii) the Industrial Finance Corporation of India, established under section 3 of the Industrial Finance Corporation Act, 1948 (15 of 1948);
 - (iii) the Industrial Development Bank of India, established under section 3 of the Industrial Development Bank of India Act, 1964 (18 of 1964);
 - (iv) the Life Insurance Corporation of India, established under section 3 of the Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956 (31 of 1956);
 - (v) the Unit Trust of India, established under section 3 of the Unit Trust of India Act, 1963 (52 of 1963);
 - (vi) any other financial institution which is declared by the Central Government by notification to be a public financial institution;
- (l) "Public Sector Bank" means -
- (i) a corresponding new bank specified in the First Schedule to the Act;
 - * (ii) a corresponding new bank specified in the First Schedule of the Banking Companies (Acquisition & Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1980 (40 of 1980)
 - (iii) the State Bank of India constituted under the State Bank of India Act, 1955 (23 of 1955);
 - (iv) a subsidiary bank constituted under the State Bank of India (subsidiary Banks) Act, 1959 (38 of 1959); and
 - (v) any other bank which the Central Government may determine to be a public sector bank for the purpose of these regulations, having regard to its manner of incorporation. *(1-1-1986)

(Adopted at B. M. dated 7-12-85. Came into force w.e.f. 1-1-86 Bank Circular 80/57 Sub-Personnel 86/7 dated 1-3-86)

- (m) "Public servant" means a person as defined as public servant in Section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860);
- (n) "Reviewing Authority" means the authority specified in the Schedule;
- (o) "Schedule" means the Schedule appended to these regulations.

4. Penalties :

The following are the penalties which may be imposed on an officer employee, for acts of misconduct or for any other good and sufficient reasons:-

Minor Penalties :

- (a) Censure ;
- (b) Withholding of increments of pay with or without cumulative effect;
- (c) Withholding of promotion;
- (d) recovery from pay or such other amount as may be due to him of the whole or part of any pecuniary loss caused to the bank by negligence or breach of orders.
- (e) reduction to a lower stage in the time-scale of pay for a period not exceeding 3 years without cumulative effect and not adversely affecting the officer's pension.

Major Penalties :

- (f) Save as provided for in (e) above, reduction to a lower stage in the time-scale of pay for a specified period, with further directions as to whether or not the officer will earn increments of pay during the period of such reduction, and whether on the expiry of such period the reduction will, or will not, have the effect of postponing the future increments of his pay.
- (g) reduction to a lower grade or post;
- (h) compulsory retirement;
- (i) removal from service which shall not be a disqualification for future employment;
- (j) dismissal which shall ordinarily be a disqualification for future employment.

(Regulations 4(e) and 4 (f) were incorporated, and Regulation 4 (g) was modified in terms of the Bank of India officer Employee's (Discipline & Appeal) (Amendment) Regulations, 1996, published in the Gazette of India dated 25-01-1997. Branch circular No. 90-/196 dated 25-2-97)

Explanations :

The following shall not amount to a penalty within the meaning of this regulation namely :-

- (i) withholding of one or more increments of an officer employee on account of his failure to pass a prescribed departmental test or examination in accordance with the terms of appointment to the post which he holds.
- (ii) stoppage of pay of an officer employee at the efficiency bar in a time scale, on the ground of his unfitness to cross the bar;
- (iii) non-promotion, whether in an officiating capacity or otherwise, of an officer employee, to a higher grade or post for which he may be eligible for consideration but for which he is found unsuitable after consideration of his case;
- (iv) reversion to a lower grade or post, of an officer employee officiating in a higher grade or post, on the ground that he is considered, after trial, to be unsuitable for such higher grade or post, or on administrative grounds unconnected with his conduct;
- (v) reversion to his previous grade or post, of an officer employee appointed on probation to another grade or post, during or at the end of the period of probation, in accordance with the terms of his appointment or rules or orders governing such probation;
- (vi) reversion of an officer employee to his parent organisation in case he had come on deputation;

(vii) termination of the service-

- (a) of an officer employee appointed on probation, during or at the end of the period of probation, in accordance with the terms of his appointment, or the rules or orders governing such probation;
 - (b) of an officer employee appointed in a temporary capacity otherwise than under a contract or agreement, on the expiration of the period for which he was appointed, or earlier in accordance with the terms of his appointment;
 - (c) of an officer employee appointed under a contract or agreement, in accordance with the terms of such contract or agreement; and
 - (d) of an officer employee on abolition of post;
- (viii) retirement of an officer employee on his attaining the age of superannuation in accordance with the rules and orders governing such superannuation;
- (ix) termination of employment of a permanent officer employee by giving 3 months' notice or on payment of 3 months' pay and allowances in lieu of notice;
- (x) termination of employment of an officer employee on medical grounds, if he is declared unfit to continue in Bank's service by the bank's medical officer.

5. Authority to institute disciplinary proceedings and impose penalties :

- (1) The Managing Director or any other authority empowered by him by general or special order may institute or direct the Disciplinary Authority to institute disciplinary proceedings against an officer employee of the bank.
- (2) The Disciplinary Authority may himself institute disciplinary proceedings.
- (3) The Disciplinary Authority or any authority higher than it, may impose any of the penalties specified in regulation 4 on any officer employee.

6. **Procedure for imposing major penalties :**

- (1) No order imposing any of the major penalties specified in clauses (f), (g), (h), (i) and (j) of regulation 4 shall be made except after an inquiry is held in accordance with this regulation.
- (2) Whenever the Disciplinary Authority is of the opinion that there are grounds for inquiring into the truth of any imputation of misconduct or misbehaviour against an officer employee, it may itself enquire into, or appoint any other public servant (hereinafter referred to as the Inquiring Authority) to inquire into the truth thereof.

Explanation :

When the Disciplinary Authority itself holds the inquiry any reference in sub-regulation (8) to sub-regulation (21) to the Inquiring Authority shall be construed as a reference to Disciplinary Authority.

- (3) Where it is proposed to hold an inquiry, the Disciplinary Authority shall frame definite and distinct charges on the basis of the allegations against the officer employee and the articles of charge, together with a statement of the allegations, on which they are based, shall be communicated in writing to the officer employee, who shall be required to submit within such time as may be specified by the Disciplinary Authority (not exceeding 15 days), or within such extended time as may be granted by the said Authority, a written statement of his defence.
 - (4) On receipt of the written statement of the officer employee, or if no such statement is received within the time specified, an enquiry may be held by the Disciplinary Authority itself, or if it considers it necessary so to do appoint under sub-regulation (2) an Inquiring Authority for the purpose :
- Provided that it may not be necessary to hold an inquiry in respect

of the articles of charge admitted by the officer employee in his written statement, but shall be necessary to record its findings on each such charge.

- (5) The Disciplinary Authority shall, where it is not the inquiring authority, forward to the Inquiring Authority :
- (i) a copy of the articles of charges and statements of imputations of misconduct or misbehaviour;
 - (ii) a copy of the written statement of defence, if any, submitted by the officer employee;
 - (iii) a list of documents by which and list of witnesses by whom the articles of charge are proposed to be substantiated;
 - (iv) a copy of statements of the witnesses, if any;
 - (v) evidence proving the delivery of articles of charge under sub-regulation (3);
 - (vi) a copy of the order appointing the "Presenting Officer" in terms of sub-regulation (6).
- (6) Where the disciplinary Authority itself enquires or appoints an inquiring authority for holding an inquiry, it may, by an order, appoint a public servant to be known as the "Presenting Officer" to present on its behalf the case in support of the articles of charge.
- (7) The Officer employee may take the assistance of any other officer employee but may not engage a legal practitioner for the purpose, unless the Presenting Officer appointed by the Disciplinary Authority is a legal practitioner or the Disciplinary authority, having regard to the circumstances of the case, so permits.

(Adopted at B. M. dated 8-8-1983. Came into force w.e.f. 1-10-1983)

(Note :- The officer employee shall not take the assistance of any other officer employee who has two pending disciplinary cases on hand in which he has to give assistance.

(Adopted at B. M. Dated 31-7-85. Came into force w.e.f. 1-10-85 Circular 79/207 Sub-Personnel 85/28 dated 13-9-85)

- (8) (a) The Inquiring Authority shall by notice in writing specify the day on which the officer employee shall appear in person before the Inquiring Authority.
- (b) On the date fixed by the Inquiring Authority, the Officer employee shall appear before the Inquiring Authority at the time, place and date specified in the notice.
- (c) The Inquiring Authority shall ask officer employee whether he pleads guilty or has any defence to make and if he pleads guilty to any of the articles of charge, the Inquiring Authority shall record the plea, sign the record and obtain the signature of the officer employee concerned thereon.
- (d) The Inquiring Authority shall return a finding of guilt in respect of those articles of charge to which the officer employee concerned pleads guilty.
- (9) If the officer employee does not plead guilty, the Inquiring Authority shall adjourn the case to a later date not exceeding 30 days or within such extended time as may be granted by the Inquiring Authority
- (10)(a) The Inquiring Authority shall, where the officer employee does not admit all or any of the articles of charge, furnish to such officer employee a list of documents by which, and a list of witness by whom, the articles of charge are proposed to be proved.
- (b) The Inquiring Authority shall also record an order that

the officer employee may for the purpose of preparing his defence -

- (i) inspect within five days of the order or within such further time not exceeding five days as the Inquiring Authority may allow, the documents listed;
- (ii) submit a list of documents and witnesses that he wants for the inquiry;
- (iii) be supplied with copies of statements of witnesses, if any, recorded earlier and the Inquiring Authority shall furnish such copies not later than three days before the commencement of the examination of the witnesses by the Inquiring Authority;
- (iv) give a notice within ten days of the order or within such further time not exceeding ten days as the Inquiring Authority may allow for the discovery or production of the documents referred to in item (ii).

Note : The relevancy of the documents and the examination of the witnesses referred to in item (ii) shall be given by the officer employee concerned.

(11) The Inquiring Authority shall, on receipt of the notice for the discovery or production of the documents, forward the same or copies thereof to the authority in whose custody or possession the documents are kept with a requisition for the production of the documents on such date as may be specified.

(12) On the receipt of the requisition under sub-regulation (11), the authority having the custody or possession of the requisitioned documents, shall arrange to produce the same before the Inquiring Authority on the date, place and time specified in the requisition :

Provided that the authority having the custody or possession of

the requisitioned documents may claim privilege if the production of such documents will be against the public interest or the interest of the bank. In that event, it shall inform the Inquiring Authority accordingly.

(13) On the date fixed for the inquiry, the oral and documentary evidence by which the articles of charge are proposed to be proved shall be produced by or on behalf of the disciplinary authority. The witnesses produced by the Presenting Officer shall be examined by the Presenting Officer and may be cross-examined by or on behalf of the officer employee. The Presenting Officer shall be entitled to re-examine his witnesses on any points on which they have been cross-examined, but not on a new matter, without the leave of the Inquiring Authority. The Inquiring Authority may also put such questions to the witnesses as it thinks fit.

(14) Before the close of the case, in support of the charges, the Inquiring Authority may, in its discretion, allow the Presenting Officer to produce evidence not included in the charge-sheet or may itself call for new evidence or recall or re-examine any witness. In such case the officer employee shall be given opportunity to inspect documentary evidence before it is taken on record, or to cross-examine a witness, who has been so summoned. The Inquiring Authority may also allow the officer employee to produce new evidence, if it is of opinion that the production of such evidence is necessary in the interests of justice.

(15) When the case in support of the charge is closed, the officer employee may be required to state his defence, orally or in writing, as he may prefer. If the defence is made orally, it shall be recorded and the officer employee shall be required to sign the record. In either case a copy of the statement of defence shall be given to the Presenting Officer, if any, appointed.

(16) The evidence on behalf of the officer employee shall then be produced. The officer employee may examine himself in his own behalf, if he so prefers. The witnesses produced by the

officer employee shall then be examined by the officer employee and may be cross-examined by the Presenting Officer. The officer employee shall be entitled to re-examine any of his witnesses on any points on which they have been cross-examined but not on any new matter without the leave of the Inquiring Authority.

(17) The Inquiring Authority may, after the officer employee closes his evidence, and shall, if the officer employee has not got himself examined, generally question him on the circumstances appearing against him in the evidence for the purpose of enabling the officer employee to explain any circumstances appearing in the evidence against him.

(18) The Inquiring Authority may, after the completion of the production of evidence, hear the Presenting Officer if any appointed, and the officer employee, or permit them to file written briefs of their respective cases within 15 days of the date of completion of the production of evidence, if they so desire (1-1-1986)

(Adopted at B. M. dated 7-12-85 Bank Circular 80/57 Sub-Personnel 86/7 dated 1-3-86)

(19) If the officer employee does not submit the written statement of defence referred to in sub-regulation (3) on or before the date specified for the purpose or does not appear in person, or through the assisting officer or otherwise fails or refuses to comply with any of the provisions of these regulations, the Inquiring Authority may hold the inquiry ex-parte.

(20) Whenever any Inquiring Authority, after having heard and recorded the whole or any part of the evidence in an inquiry ceases to exercise jurisdiction therein, and is succeeded by another Inquiring Authority which has, and which exercises, such jurisdiction, the Inquiring Authority so succeeding may act on the evidence so recorded by its predecessor or partly recorded by its predecessor and partly recorded by itself :

Provided that if the succeeding Inquiring Authority is of the opinion that further examination of any of the witnesses whose evidence has already been recorded is necessary in the interest of justice, it may recall, examine, cross-examine and re-examine any such witnesses as herein before provided.

(21)(i) On the conclusion of the inquiry the Inquiring Authority shall prepare a report which shall contain the following:

- (a) a gist of the articles of charge and the statement of the imputations of misconduct or misbehaviour;
- (b) a gist of the defence of the officer employee in respect of each article of charge;
- (c) an assessment of the evidence in respect of each article of charge;
- (d) the findings on each article of charge and the reasons therefor.

Explanation : If, in the opinion of the Inquiring Authority, the proceedings of the inquiry establish any article of charge different from the original article of charge, it may record its findings on such article of charge :

Provided that the findings on such article of charge shall not be recorded unless the officer employee has either admitted the facts on which such article of charge is based or has had a reasonable opportunity of defending himself against such article of charge.

(ii) The Inquiring Authority, where it is not itself the Disciplinary Authority, shall forward to the Disciplinary Authority the records of inquiry which shall include -

- (a) the report of the inquiry prepared by it under clause (i);
- (b) the written statement of defence, if any, submitted by the

- officer employee referred to in sub-regulation (15);
- (c) the oral and documentary evidence produced in the course of the inquiry;
 - (d) written briefs referred to in sub-regulation (18), if any; and
 - (e) the orders, if any, made by the Disciplinary Authority and the Inquiring Authority in regard to the inquiry.

7. Action on the inquiry report :

- (1) The Disciplinary Authority, if it is not itself the Inquiring Authority, may, for reasons to be recorded by it in writing, remit the case to the Inquiring Authority for fresh or further inquiry and report and the Inquiring Authority shall thereupon proceed to hold the further inquiry according to the provisions of regulation 6 as far as may be.
- (2) The Disciplinary Authority shall, if it disagrees with the findings of the Inquiring Authority on any article of charge, record its reasons for such disagreement and record its own findings on such charge, if the evidence on record is sufficient for the purpose.
- (3) If the Disciplinary Authority, having regard to its findings on all or any of the articles of charge, is of the opinion that any of the penalties specified in regulation 4 should be imposed on the officer employee it shall, notwithstanding anything contained in regulation 8, make an order imposing such penalty.
- (4) If the Disciplinary Authority having regard to its findings on all or any of the articles of charge, is of the opinion that no penalty is called for, it may pass an order exonerating the officer employee concerned.

8. Procedure for imposing Minor Penalties :

- (a) Where it is proposed to impose any of the minor penalties specified in clauses (a) to (e) of regulation 4, the officer employee concerned shall be informed in writing of the imputations of lapses against him and given an opportunity to submit his written statement of defence within a specified period not exceeding 15 days or such extended period as may be granted by the Disciplinary Authority and the defence statement, if any, submitted by the officer employee shall be taken into consideration by the Disciplinary Authority before passing orders.
- (2) Where, however, the Disciplinary Authority is satisfied that an enquiry is necessary, it shall follow the procedure for imposing a major penalty as laid down in regulation 6.
- (3) The record of the proceedings in such cases shall include -
 - (i) a copy of the statement of imputations of lapses furnished to the officer employee;
 - (ii) the defence statement, if any, of the officer employee; and
 - (iii) the order of the disciplinary authority together with the reasons therefor.

9. Communication of orders :

Orders made by the Disciplinary Authority under regulation 7 or regulation 8 shall be communicated to the officer employee concerned, who shall also be supplied with a copy of the report of inquiry, if any.

10. Common proceedings :

Where two or more officer employees are concerned in a case, the authority competent to impose a major penalty on all such officer employees may make an order directing that disciplinary proceedings against all of them may be taken in a common proceeding.

11. Special procedure in certain cases :

Notwithstanding anything contained in regulation 6 or regulation 7 or regulation 8 the Disciplinary Authority may impose any of the penalties specified in regulation 4 if the officer employee has been convicted on a criminal charge, or on the strength of facts or conclusions arrived at by a judicial trial.

*** Provided that the officer employee may be given an opportunity of making representation on the penalty proposed to be imposed before any order is made.**

*** (Adopted at B. M. dated 10-9-88 Published in Govt. Gazzette dated 22-10-88 Circular 83/24 Sub-Personnel 89/1 dated 2-2-1989)**

12. Suspension :

(1) An officer employee may be placed under suspension by the competent authority -

(a) where a disciplinary proceeding against him is contemplated or is pending; or

(b) where a case against him in respect of any criminal offence is under investigation, inquiry or trial.

(2) An officer employee shall be deemed to have been placed under suspension by an order of the competent authority -

(a) with effect from the date of his detention, if he is detained in custody, whether on a criminal charge or otherwise, for a period exceeding forty-eight hours;

(b) with effect from the date of conviction, if in the event of a conviction for an offence, he is sentenced to a term of imprisonment exceeding forty-eight hours and is not forthwith dismissed or removed or compulsorily retired consequent to such conviction.

Explanation :

The period of forty-eight hours referred to in clause (b) of this sub-regulation shall be computed from the commencement of the imprisonment after the conviction and for this purpose, intermittent period of imprisonment, if any, shall be taken into account.

(3) Where a penalty of dismissal, removal or compulsory retirement from Service imposed upon an officer employee under suspension is set aside in appeal or on review under these regulations and the case is remitted for further inquiry or action or with any directions, the order of his suspension shall be deemed to have continued in force on and from the date of the original order of dismissal, removal or compulsory retirement and shall remain in force until further orders.

(4) Where a penalty of dismissal, removal or compulsory retirement from service imposed upon an officer employee under suspension is set aside or declared or rendered void in consequence of or by a decision of a court of law, and the disciplinary authority, on consideration of the circumstances of the case, decides to hold further inquiry against him on the allegations on which the penalty of dismissal, removal or compulsory retirement was originally imposed, the officer employee shall be deemed to have been placed under suspension by the competent authority from the date of the original order of dismissal, removal or compulsory retirement and shall continue to remain under suspension until further orders.

(5) (a) An order of suspension made or deemed to have been made under this regulation shall continue to remain in force until it is modified or revoked by the authority competent to do so.

(b) An order of suspension made or deemed to have been made under this regulation may at any time be modified or revoked by the authority which made or is deemed to have made the order.

13. Leave during suspension :

No leave shall be granted to an officer employee under suspension.

14. Subsistence allowance during suspension :

- (1) An officer employee who is placed under suspension shall, during the period of such suspension and subject to sub-regulations (2) to (4) be entitled to receive payment from the Bank by way of subsistence allowance on the following scale, namely :-
 - (a) Basic Pay :
 - (i) for the first three months of suspension $\frac{1}{3}$ of the basic pay which the officer employee was receiving on the date prior to the date of suspension irrespective of the nature of enquiry.
 - (ii) for the subsequent period after 3 months from the date of suspension -
 - (1) Where the enquiry is held departmentally by the Bank, $\frac{1}{2}$ of the basic pay, the officer employee was drawing on the date prior to the date of suspension; and
 - (2) Where the enquiry is held by an outside agency, $\frac{1}{3}$ of the basic pay for the next three months, and $\frac{1}{2}$ of the basic pay for the remaining period of suspension.
 - (b) Allowances : For the entire period of suspension, dearness allowance and other allowances excepting conveyance allowance, entertainment allowance and special allowance will be calculated on the reduced pay as specified in items (i) and (ii), of clause (a) and at the prevailing rates or at rates applicable to similar category of officers.
- (2) During the period of suspension an officer employee shall not be entitled to occupation of a rent-free house or free use of the Bank's car or receipt of conveyance or entertainment allowance or special allowance.
- (3) No officer employee of the Bank shall be entitled to receive payment of subsistence allowance unless he furnishes a certificate that he is not engaged in any other employment, business, profession or vocation.

(4) If, during the period of suspension an officer employee retires by reason of his attaining the age of superannuation, no subsistence allowance shall be paid to him from the date of his retirement.

15. Pay, allowances and treatment of service on termination of suspension :

(1) Where the competent authority holds that the officer employee has been fully exonerated or that the suspension was unjustifiable, the officer employee concerned shall be granted the full pay to which he would have been entitled, had he not been suspended, together with any allowance of which he was in receipt immediately prior to his suspension, or may have been sanctioned subsequently and made applicable to all officer employees.

(2) In all cases other than those referred to in subregulation (1), the officer employee shall be granted such proportion of pay and allowances as the Competent Authority may direct :

Provided that the payment of allowances under this sub-regulation shall be subject to all other conditions to which such allowances are admissible :

Provided further that the pay and allowances granted under this sub-regulation shall not be less than the subsistence and other allowances admissible under regulation 14.

(3) (a) In a case falling under sub-regulation (1), the period of absence from duty shall, for all purposes, be treated as a period spent on duty;

(b) In a case falling under sub-regulation (2), the period of absence from duty shall not be treated as a period spent on duty unless the Competent Authority specifically directs, for reasons to be recorded in writing, that it shall be so treated for any specific purpose.

16. Employees on deputation from the Central Government, State Government, etc.

(1) Where an order of suspension is made or disciplinary

proceeding is taken against an officer employee, who is on deputation to the Bank from the Central Government or the State Government, or Reserve Bank of India or another public sector bank or banking company or a public financial institution or an institution wholly or substantially owned by the Reserve Bank of India or a public financial institution or public undertaking, or a local authority, the authority lending his services (hereinafter referred to as the "Lending Authority") shall forthwith be informed of the circumstances leading to the order of his suspension, or the commencement of the disciplinary proceedings, as the case may be.

(2) In the light of the findings in the disciplinary proceeding taken against the officer employee -

(a) if the Disciplinary Authority is of the opinion that any of the minor penalties should be imposed on him. it may pass such orders on the case as it deems necessary after consultation with the Lending Authority :

Provided that in the event of a difference of opinion between the Disciplinary Authority and the Lending Authority, the services of the employee shall be placed at the disposal of the Lending Authority.

(b) if the Disciplinary Authority is of the opinion that any of the major penalties should be imposed on him, it should replace his services at the disposal of the Lending Authority and transmit to it the proceedings of the enquiry for such action as it deems necessary.

(3) If the officer employee submits an appeal against an order imposing a minor penalty on him under clause (a) of sub-regulation (2), it will be disposed of after consultation with the Lending Authority :

Provided that if there is a difference of opinion between the Appellate Authority and the Lending Authority, the services of the

officer employee shall be placed at the disposal of the Lending Authority, and the proceedings of the case shall be transmitted to that authority for such action as it deems necessary.

17. Appeals :

- (i) An officer employee may appeal against an order imposing upon him any of the penalties specified in regulation 4 or against the order of suspension referred to in regulation 12. The appeal shall lie to the Appellate Authority.
- (ii) An appeal shall be preferred within 45 days from the date of receipt of the order appealed against. The appeal shall be addressed to the Appellate Authority and submitted to the authority whose order is appealed against. The authority whose order is appealed against shall forward the appeal together with its comments and the records of the case to the Appellate Authority. The Appellate Authority shall consider whether the findings are justified or whether the penalty is excessive or inadequate and pass appropriate orders. The Appellate Authority may pass an order confirming, enhancing, reducing or setting aside the penalty or remitting the case to the authority which imposed the penalty or to any other authority with such direction as it may deem fit in the circumstances of the case :

Provided that -

- (i) If the enhanced penalty which the Appellate Authority proposed to impose is a major penalty specified in clauses (f), (g) (h), (i) and (j) of regulation 4 and an inquiry as provided in regulation 6 has not already been held in the case, the Appellate Authority shall direct that such an enquiry be held in accordance with the provisions of regulation 6 and thereafter consider the record of the inquiry and pass such orders as it may deem proper;
- (ii) If the Appellate Authority decides to enhance the punishment but an enquiry has already been held as provided in regulation 6, the Appellate Authority shall give a show-cause notice to

the officer employee as to why the enhanced penalty should not be imposed upon him and shall pass final order after taking into account the representation, if any, submitted by the officer employee.

18. Review :

Notwithstanding anything contained in these regulations, the Reviewing Authority may call for the record of the case within six months of the date of the final order and after reviewing the case pass such orders thereon as it may deem fit :

Provided that -

- (i) If any enhanced penalty, which the Reviewing Authority proposes to impose, is a major penalty specified in clauses (f), (g) (h), (i) or (j) of regulation 4 and an enquiry as provided under regulation 6 has not already been held in the case, the Reviewing Authority shall direct that such an enquiry be held in accordance with the provisions of regulation 6 and thereafter consider the record of the enquiry and pass such order as it may deem proper;
- (ii) If the Reviewing Authority decides to enhance the punishment but an enquiry has already been held in accordance with the provision of regulation 6, the Reviewing Authority shall give show cause notice to the officer employee as to why the enhanced penalty should not be imposed upon him and shall pass an order after taking into account the representation, if any, submitted by the officer employee.

19. Consultation with Central Vigilance Commission :

The bank shall consult the Central Vigilance Commission wherever necessary, in respect of all disciplinary cases having a vigilance angle.

20. Service of orders, notices, etc. :

Every order, notice and other process made or issued under these regulations shall be served in person on the officer employee concerned or communicated to him by registered post at his last known address.

21. Power to relax time-limit and to condone delay :

Save as otherwise expressly provided in these regulations, the authority competent under these regulations to make any order may, for good and sufficient reasons or if sufficient cause is shown, extend the time specified in these regulations for anything required to be done under these regulations or condone any delay.

22. Repeal and Saving :

(a) Every rule, regulation, bye-law or every provision in any agreement or a resolution corresponding to any of the regulations herein contained and in force immediately before the commencement of these regulations and applicable to the officer employee is hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal -

(a) any order made or action taken under the provisions so repealed shall be deemed to have been made or taken under the corresponding provisions of these regulations;

(b) nothing in these regulations shall be construed as depriving any person to whom these regulations apply, of any right of appeal which had accrued to him under any of the provisions so repealed;

(c) an appeal pending at the commencement of these regulations against an order made before the commencement of these regulations shall be considered and orders thereon shall be made, in accordance with these regulations;

(d) any proceedings which have already been initiated but not yet been completed at the commencement of these regulations shall be continued and disposed as far as may be, in accordance with the provisions of these regulations, as if such proceedings were initiated under these regulations.

**BANK OF INDIA OFFICER EMPLOYEES' (DISCIPLINE AND APPEAL)
REGULATIONS, 1976
SCHEDULE**

Sr. No.	Scale of the Officer employee	Disciplinary Authority	Appellate Authority	Reviewing Authority
1.	Officers in Scale I & II	Deputy Zonal Manager/Regional Manager/Chief Manager/Officer In Scale IV	Zonal Manager In Scale VI/ Joint Zonal Manager/ Chief Regional Manager/Assistant General Manager	General Manager
2.	Officers in Scale III	Zonal Manager in Scale VI/ Joint Zonal Manager/ Chief Regional Manager / Assistant General Manager.	Zonal Manager in Scale VI / Deputy General Manager	General Manager
3.	Officers in Scale IV	Zonal Manager in Scale VI / Deputy General Manager	General Manager	Executive Director
4.	Officers in Scale V & VI	General Manager	Executive Director	Chairman & Mana- ging Director
5.	Officers in Scale VII	Executive Director	Chairman & Managing Director	Committee of Board

NOTE FORMING PART OF SCHEDULE

1. Any authority higher than the one specified in columns (iii), (iv) and (v) above is empowered to exercise the powers of Disciplinary or Appellate or Reviewing Authority as the case may be.
2. Wherever the Disciplinary or Appellate or Reviewing Authority is appointed/nominated by designation, any person officiating in such designated post shall ipso-facto exercise the authority of Disciplinary or Appellate or Reviewing Authority as the case may be.

3. Wherever there are more than one officer of the same designation who can function as Disciplinary or Appellate or Reviewing Authority or where such authorities are not in a position to function as such or for any reason whatsoever, then:-
- i) The executive Director and in his absence the Managing Director by general or special order shall empower :-
 - a) an officer not below the rank of Zonal Manager in Scale V/ Assistant General Manager to nominate which officer of the appropriate scale shall function as Disciplinary Authority in respect of Officers in Scale I and II ;
 - b) an officer not below the rank of Zonal Manager in Scale VI / Deputy General Manager to nominate which officer of the appropriate scale shall function as Appellate Authority in respect of officers in Scale I & II and Disciplinary Authority in respect of Officers in Scale III;
 - c) the General Manager to nominate which officer of the appropriate scale shall function as Appellate Authority in respect of Officers in Scale III and as Disciplinary Authority in respect of officers in Scale IV.
 - (ii) the Executive Director and in his absence the Managing Director shall decide which General Manager shall function as (a) Disciplinary Authority in respect of officers in Scale V and VI (b) Appellate Authority in respect of officers in Scale IV and (c) Reviewing Authority in respect of officers in Scale I, II and III.
4. Where the Executive Director is not in a position to function as Disciplinary Authority and as Appellate Authority or Reviewing Authority or the Managing Director is not in a

position to function as Appellate Authority or as Reviewing Authority, then the Board shall appoint any one of the Directors to be the Disciplinary or Appellate Authority in the place of the Executive Director, and a committee of two or more Directors to be the Appellate or Reviewing Authority in the place of the Managing Director. Reviews arising out of the appeals disposed of by the Committee of Directors shall lie to the Board.

5. The Appellate or Reviewing Authorities for officer employees posted in establishments outside India and for those on deputation shall be the same as for officer employees posted in Head Office.
6. Where disciplinary action is required to be taken against more than one officer in respect of a common misconduct or a common transaction or series of transactions, then the Disciplinary Authority for the seniormost officer concerned is empowered to initiate disciplinary proceedings against all such officers. Correspondingly, Appellate and Reviewing Authorities for all such officers will be same as those for the seniormost officer.
7. The above Schedule is applicable also to those officers who have not opted for fitment in the Scales of Pay under the Bank of India (Officers') Service Regulations, 1979, and in their cases, their Scales for the purpose of this Schedule would be notionally determined as per the fitment formula under the said Service Regulations.
8. Any Proceedings which have been initiated but not yet been completed by the appropriate authority on the date of coming into force of this Schedule shall be continued and / or disposed of as far as may be by the same authority who initiated such proceedings.

(This Schedule substituted the earlier Schedule in terms of the Bank of India Officer Employees' (Discipline & Appeal) (Amendment) Regulations, 1996, published in the Gazette of India dated 23.11.1996, Branch Circular No. 90/196 dated 25/2/1997:Subject-Personnel/96-97/16)

**Bank of India Officer Employees'
(Discipline & Appeal) Regulations, 1976**

SCHEDULE OF COMPETENT AUTHORITIES FOR OFFICER EMPLOYEES

(i) Sr. No	(ii) Scale of the Officer Employee	(iii) Competent Authority under Regulations 3(f), 12 and 15
1.	Officers in Scale I & II	Dy. Zonal Manager / Regional Manager / Chief Manager / Officers in Scale IV.
2.	Officers in Scale III	Zonal Manager in Scale V / Jt. Zonal Manager / Chief Regional Manager / Asstt. General Manager.
3.	Officers in Scale IV	Zonal Manager in Scale VI / Deputy General Manager
4.	Officers in Scale V & VI	General Manager
5.	Officers in Scale VII	Executive Director

NOTE FORMING PART OF SCHEDULE

1. Any authority higher than the one specified in column (iii) above is empowered to exercise the powers of Competent Authority as the case may be.
2. Wherever the Competent Authority is appointed / nominated by designation, any person officiating in such designated post shall ipso facto exercise the authority of Competent Authority as the case may be.
3. Wherever there are more than one officer of the same designation who can function as Competent Authority or where such authority is not in a position to function as such or for any reason whatsoever, then :

- i) The executive Director and in his absence the Managing Director by general or special order shall empower :-
 - a) an officer not below the rank of Zonal Manager in Scale V/ Jt. Zonal Manager / Chief. Regional Manager / Asst. General Manager to nominate which officer of the appropriate scale shall function as Competent Authority under Regulations 12 and 15 in respect of Officers in Scale I and II;
 - b) an officer not below the rank of Zonal Manager in Scale VI / Dy. General Manager to nominate which officer of the appropriate scale shall function as Competent Authority under Regulations 12 and 15 in respect of officers in Scale III;
 - c) The General Manager to nominate which officer of the appropriate scale shall function as Competent Authority under Regulations 12 and 15 in respect of Officers in Scale IV.
 - ii) the Executive Director and in his absence the Managing Director shall decide which General Manager shall function as Competent Authority under Regulations 12 and 15 in respect of officers in Scale V & VI.
- 4) Where the Executive Director is not in a position to function as Competent Authority under Regulations 12 and 15, the Managing Director shall function as Competent Authority under Regulations 12 and 15 in respect of officers in Scale VII. However, if even the Managing Director is also not in a position to function as Competent Authority then the Board shall appoint any one of the Directors to be the Competent Authority in place of the Managing Director.
- 5) The Competent Authority for officer employees posted in establishments outside India and for those on deputation shall be

the same as for officer employees posted in Head Office.

6. The above Schedule is applicable also to those officers who have not opted for fitment in the Scales of Pay under the Bank of India (Officers') Service Regulations, 1979, and in their cases, their Scales for the purpose of this Schedule would be notionally determined as per the fitment formula under the said Service Regulations.
7. Any order of suspension passed by an authority prior to the date of coming into force of this Schedule will be deemed to have been passed by the Competent Authority under this Schedule.

(Adopted at Board Meeting dated 15-07-1996. Circulated vide Branch Circular No. 90/196 dated 25-02-1997, subject : Personnel / 96-97/16)

BANK OF INDIA OFFICER EMPLOYEES' (CONDUCT) REGULATIONS, 1976
COMPETENT AUTHORITY

(For brief description of the clauses enumerated below, please see Annexure 'B')

Scale of the Officer Employee	C O M P E T E N T A U T H O R I T Y							
	Managing Director	Executive Director	General Manager	Deputy General Manager	Zonal Manager/Asst General Manager	Regional Manager/ Deputy Zonal Manager/ Chief Manager	Branch Manager	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
General Manager/Scale VII		All Clauses						
Dy. General Manager/Scale VI			All Clauses					
Asst. General Manager/Scale V				All Clauses				
Senior Management / Scale IV				5(2), 6(3) 20(4), 21	All Clauses except 5(2), 6(3), 20(4), 21			

Continued on Next Page

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Officers in Middle Management Scales III, II and JM Scale I who are				5(2), 6(3) 20(4), 21	6(1), 6(4), 7(1), 15(V), 22(1)	7(2), 7(3), 10(1) 11(1), 13, 14 16, 17, 20(3),	
i) Branch Managers							
ii) Officers at Head/Zonal/Regional Offices/Departments							
All Officers in M.M.Scale III & II and Jr. M. Scale I working at Branches but other than Branch Managers.				5(2), 6(3), 20(4), 21	6(1), 6(4), 7(1), 15(V) 22(1)	7(2), 7(3), 17, 20(3)	10(1), 11(1) 13, 14 and proviso 16.

(Approved at B. M. dated 16-11-83 R.B.I. Concurrence DBOD No. Leg: 317/C.469 (T 3) 84 dated 9-5-84.

Adopted at B. M. dated 21-4-90. Bank's Circular No. 84/21 Sub-Personnel 90-91/5 dated 17-5-90.)

NOTE TO ANNEXURE 'A' (For guidance of Competent Authorities)

- 1) The application addressed to the Competent Authority concerned has to be routed through proper administrative channel.
- 2) Where there are two or more Competent Authorities who can accord sanction under the Regulations, then the Junior Competent Authority superior to the officer concerned would be empowered to accord or refuse sanction.
- 3) Where the lowest Competent Authority superior to the officer concerned has refused to accord sanction, then the next higher Competent Authority in the same group failing which next higher Competent Authority in the next higher group of Competent Authority, may in his discretion set aside decision of the lower Competent Authority, provided the reasons are recorded in writing. However, this discretion is to be allowed for one next higher stage of Competent Authority only.
- 4) If the Junior Competent Authority superior to the Officer concerned is not available due to absence from duties or for reasons disabling him for exercising such functions, the officer officiating in his place during the period by the general/special order, would exercise the functions of according or refusing sanction to an officer concerned as Competent Authority. If no such officer is appointed for officiating, then application for sanction be sent to next higher Competent Authority under whom officer is working to accord or refuse such sanction.
- 5) In case there is ambiguity and/or dispute in the interpretation of the concerned Regulation or Schedule of Competent Authorities, then such matters should be referred to Head Office, Personnel Dept. If required, then the Department will put up the matter to the Managing Director for his decision and such decision will be final.
- 6) In cases where matters covered under the Regulations referred pertains to a functionary himself who is designated as 'Competent Authority', a reference would need to be made by him to the next higher authority who will act as the 'Competent Authority' for such functionary.

ANNEXURE 'B'
BANK OF INDIA OFFICER EMPLOYEES' (CONDUCT)
REGULATIONS, 1976

Sheet showing various clauses of (Conduct) Regulations for which the Competent Authority is required to accord sanction.

a) Sanctioning powers for following regulations will be exercised at Head Office except where Zonal managers are in Scale VI

- 5(2) - Employment of son/daughter or any member of his family to accept employment in private undertaking with which he has official dealings or any other undertaking having to his knowledge, official dealings with the Bank.
- 6(3) - To take part in the registration, promotion or management of any bank or other company, which is required to be registered under the Companies Act, 1956 or any other law for the time being in force or any co-operative society for commercial purposes except in the discharge of his official duties.
- 20(4)& proviso - Transaction of movable property of value exceeding Rs.5,000/- with a person having official dealings with the officer or where transaction is not through regular or reputed dealer.
- 21 - To have recourse to any court or to the press for the vindication of any official act which has been the subject matter of adverse criticism or an act of a defamatory character.

b) Sanctioning powers for following regulations in case of officers working in Head Office will be exercised by the Assistant General Manager working at Head Office (or any officer officiating in his place) and in case of officers working in Zone by Zonal Manager (or any officer officiating in his place) :

- 6(1) - No officer shall, except with the previous sanction of the Bank, engage directly or indirectly in any trade or business or undertake any other employment;

Provided that an officer employee may, without such sanction undertake honorary work of a social or charitable nature or occasional work of a literary, artistic, scientific, professional, cultural, educational, religious or social character, subject to the condition that his official duties do not thereby suffer; but he shall not undertake, or shall discontinue such work, if so directed by the Competent Authority.

6(4) - Accepting fee for any work done for any public body or private person.

7(1) - Editing or managing newspaper or any periodical publications.

15(V) - Issuing Guarantee or Indemnity in private capacity for pecuniary obligations of another person except in case of surety for loan taken by a member of the Co-operative Credit Society.

22(1) - to enter into, or contract, a marriage with a person having a spouse living or when officer has his spouse living, provided such marriage is permissible under the personal law applicable to such officer employee and other party to the marriage and there are grounds for so doing.

c) In case of Officers in MM. Scale III, II and J. M. Scale I -

(i) Sanctioning powers for the following regulations will be exercised by Chief Manager for officers working in Head Office, Deputy Zonal Manager for officers working in Zonal Office and Regional Manager for officers working in Region or any officer officiating for the said post :-

7(2) - Participating in radio broadcast or contributing any articles/letters to any newspaper, periodicals.

7(3) - Publishing Book or printed material, delivering talk/lecture (provided that no such sanction is however required if such broadcast or contribution or publication is of a purely literary, artistic, scientific, professional, cultural, educational, religious or social character)

अथवा वस्तु के रूप

में अचल संपत्ति

मालिय में कार्यरत
रत अधिकारियों
प्रकारियों के लिए
खा प्रबंधक द्वारा

जानेवाली जांच
देना.

सा पत्र प्राप्त
सत्कार में भाग

अथवा तैनाती
अनुमति बाद

की बीमारी के

रों की रिपोर्ट

अन्यथा के

5(2), 6(3),

प्रति प्राधिकार

प्रबंधक और

प्रबंधक द्वारा

- 17 - Accepting contributions or associating himself with raising of any funds or other collections in cash or in kind.
- 20(3) - Acquiring/Disposing of immovable property in his own name or in the name of his family member.
- (ii) Sanctioning powers for the following regulations will be exercised by the Chief Manager for officers working in Head Office, Deputy Zonal manager for officers working in Zonal Office, Regional Manager for officers working in Regional Office and Branch manager for officers working in Branch :-
- 10(1) - Giving evidence in enquiry other than that connected to Government Authority or judicial enquiry or departmental enquiry under the Regulations.
- 11(1) - Receiving complimentary or valedictory address or accepting testimonials or attending meeting or entertainment held in his honour.
- 13(1) Remaining absent from duties or late in attendance or leaving Station except in unavoidable circumstances where permission can be obtained later.
- 13(2) Dispensing with the production of medical certificate in case of temporary indisposition or sickness of casual nature.
- 14(2) - Reporting acceptance of gifts on occasions of (3),(4) & marriage, anniversaries, etc.
proviso
- 16 - Advance drawal of salary or overdrawing the account against security or otherwise.
- d) In case of officers in Scale IV for all regulations except 5(2), 6(3), 20(4) and 21, sanctioning powers will be exercised by Assistant General Manager for officers in Head Office and Zonal Manager for officers in Zonal Office.